§ 122.530

(2) General discription of the drill scenario and training topics.

[CGD 85-080, 61 FR 935, Jan. 10, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 51353, Sept. 30, 1997]

§ 122.530 Responsibilities of licensed individuals.

Nothing in the emergency instructions or a station bill required by this subpart exempts any licensed individual from the exercise of good judgment in an emergency situation.

Subpart F—Markings Required

§ 122.602 Hull markings.

- (a) Each vessel must be marked as required by part 67, subpart I, of this chapter.
- (b) Paragraphs (c) through (g) of this section apply to each vessel that fits into any one of the following categories:
- (1) A vessel of more than 19.8 meters (65 feet) in length.
- (2) A vessel authorized to carry more than 12 passengers on an international voyage.
- (3) A vessel with more than one deck above the bulkhead deck exclusive of a pilot house.
- (c) Each vessel that complies with the stability requirements of §§ 170.170, 170.173, 171.050, 171.055, and 171.057 of this chapter or with §178.310 of this chapter must—
- (1) Have permanent draft marks at each end of the vessel: or
- (2) Have permanent loading marks placed on each side of the vessel forward and aft to indicate the maximum allowable trim and amidships to indicate the maximum allowable draft.
- (d) A loading mark required by paragraph (c)(2) of this section must be a horizontal line of at least 205 millimeters (8 inches) in length and 25 millimeters (1 inch) in height, with its upper edge passing through the point of maximum draft. The loading mark must be painted in a contrasting color to the sideshell paint.
- (e) On a vessel that has a load line, the amidships marks required by paragraph (c)(2) of this section must be those required by the International Convention on Load Lines, 1966.
- (f) In cases where draft marks are obscured due to operational constraints

or by protrusions, the vessel must be fitted with a reliable draft indicating system from which the bow and stern drafts can be determined.

(g) On a vessel on which the number of passengers permitted on upper decks is limited by stability criteria, as indicated by the vessel's stability letter, the maximum number of passengers allowed on an upper deck must be indicated by a durable marking of at least 25 millimeters (1 inch) numbers and letters at the entranceway to that deck.

[CGD 85-080, 62 FR 51353, Sept. 30, 1997]

§ 122.604 Lifesaving equipment markings.

- (a) The name of a vessel must be marked or painted in clearly legible letters and numbers:
- (1) On each side of the bow of each rescue boat; and
- (2) On each life float and buoyant apparatus.
- (b) Each life jacket, immersion suit, and ring life buoy must be marked in clearly legible block capital letters with the vessel's name. The marking is not required on a life jacket carried to meet a temporary need for additional life jackets, if the life jacket has the name of another vessel or company marked on it. For an immersion suit, the name of the person to whom the immersion suit is assigned is an acceptable alternative to the name of the vessel
- (c) The name of the vessel must be marked or painted in clearly legible letters on each Emergency Position Indicating Radiobeacon (EPIRB), except on an EPIRB in an inflatable liferaft.
- (d) The number of persons capacity must be marked or painted in clearly legible letters and numbers on each side of the bow of each rescue boat.
- (e) The number of persons capacity must be marked or painted in clearly legible letters and numbers on each life float and buoyant apparatus. This number must:
- (1) Be the number of persons the device is equipped for; and
- (2) Not be greater than the number of persons the device is approved for as shown on the nameplate.
- (f) The number and identification of the items stowed inside, and their